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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/680,371	10/07/2003	Markus Templin	WWELL78.005C1	4662
20995	7590	05/15/2006	EXAMINER	
KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP 2040 MAIN STREET FOURTEENTH FLOOR IRVINE, CA 92614			GRUN, JAMES LESLIE	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1641	

DATE MAILED: 05/15/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/680,371	TEMPLIN ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit	
James L. Grun	1641	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 06 March 2006.

2a) This action is **FINAL**. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-40 is/are pending in the application.
4a) Of the above claim(s) 15,20-25,34 and 36-40 is/are withdrawn from consideration.
5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.
6) Claim(s) 1-14,16-19,26-33 and 35 is/are rejected.
7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.
8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on 07 October 2003 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.

Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).

11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
a) All b) Some * c) None of:
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10/7/03;4/2/04.
4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date. ____ .
5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
6) Other: ____ .

Applicant's election of Group I, claims 1-19 and 26-35, in the paper filed 06 March 2006 is acknowledged. Applicant's further election of the species of arrays is also acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)). Accordingly, claims 15 and 34 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected species, and claims 20-25 and 36-40 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-14, 16-19, 26-33, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1 and claims dependent thereupon, "the" concentration/amount and ratio lack antecedent basis.

Claims 2, 4, and claims dependent thereupon, are method claims and, as such, they should clearly set forth the various method steps in a positive, sequential manner using active tense verbs such as mixing, reacting, and detecting. "Employing" or "using" are not valid method steps.

In claims 6, 12, and claims dependent thereupon, it is not clear from where not reacted molecules are removed as all components of the sample are reacted/contacted, albeit all may not be bound.

In claim 9 and claims dependent thereupon, “the” total amount lacks antecedent basis. Moreover, method claims should clearly set forth the various method steps in a positive, sequential manner using active tense verbs such as mixing, reacting, and detecting. “Employing” or “using” are not valid method steps.

In claim 11, “the amount...bound” and “the to determination...bound” lack antecedent basis.

In claim 26 and claims dependent thereupon, “the concentration/amount”, “the amount...bound”, “the total amount...bound” and “the ratio” lack antecedent basis. Moreover, method claims should clearly set forth the various method steps in a positive, sequential manner using active tense verbs such as mixing, reacting, and detecting. “Employing” or “using” are not valid method steps.

In claims 29, 31, and claims dependent thereupon, it is not clear from where not reacted molecules are removed as all components of the sample are reacted/contacted, albeit all may not be bound.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. § 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless --

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

(e) the invention was described in-

(1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or

(2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent,

except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for the purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language;

Claims 1-8, 11-14, and 16-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Behr et al. (WO 00/11214).

Behr et al. teach the invention essentially as claimed wherein analyte and analogue are separately labelled, competitively bind to an array of capture molecules, and a ratio is determined indicative of the amount of analyte.

Claims 1-14, 16-19, 26-33, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. § 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Ekins (US 5,834,319).

Ekins teaches the invention essentially as claimed wherein analyte and analogue competitively bind to an array of capture molecules, are separately detected by separate labelling, and a ratio and/or the total bound capture molecules are determined indicative of the amount of analyte. Notwithstanding applicant's characterization to the contrary, the reference teaches the applicability of the method to other than ambient analyte designs (see e.g. col. 6).

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Behr et al. (US 6,291,190) contains disclosure essentially identical to that of Behr et al. (WO 00/11214).

Albrecht et al. (WO 99/35293) teach competitive hybridization with labeled analyte and analogue.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to James L. Grun, Ph.D., whose telephone number is (571) 272-0821. The examiner can normally be reached on weekdays from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Long Le, SPE, can be contacted at (571) 272-0823.

The phone number for official facsimile transmitted communications to TC 1600, Group 1640, is (571) 273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application, or requests to supply missing elements from Office communications, should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (571) 272-1600.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JL
James L. Grun, Ph.D.
May 9, 2006

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
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05/10/06